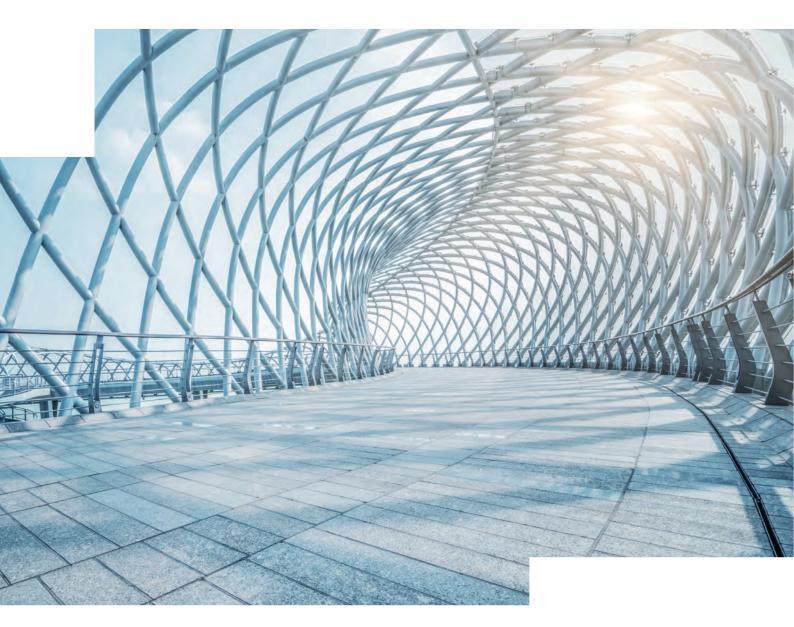


Convertible bonds in brief



Convertible bonds combine the advantages of stocks and bonds

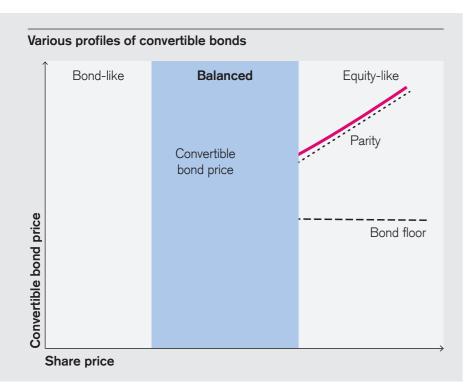
Upside potential

When the price of the underlying stock rises, convertible bonds may capture part of the capital appreciation.



Downside protection

When the price of the underlying stock falls, convertible bonds still provide benefits such as interest (coupons) and the repayment of capital when the bond expires.



What are convertible bonds?

Convertible bonds are corporate bonds with an embedded option giving investors the right to convert them into shares of the underlying company. Convertible bonds thus combine features of bonds (debt) and stocks (equity). Like conventional bonds, convertible bonds have a fixed term, at the end of which the investor is entitled to a repayment of capital. The difference is that unlike conventional bonds, convertible bonds also benefit from price gains in the underlying shares due to the embedded conversion right.

When markets are on the rise, the value of the option component increases, as does the convertible bond's sensitivity to the change in the share price (the convertible bond's price approaches parity). However, in falling markets, a convertible bond's price moves closer to the value of the underlying corporate bond (its price approaches the bond floor). In the balanced segment, the payoff is particularly asymmetric because the value of a convertible bond is more sensitive to a rise in the share price than it is to an equivalent drop.

Convertible bond investment universe

The world's first convertible bonds were issued in the nineteenth century in the US to finance the building of railroads. Today, the convertible bond market is globally diversified, and the majority of issuers are medium-sized and large companies from high-growth sectors such as IT/technology, industrials, and pharmaceuticals. While some issuers tap the market multiple times, many of them do so just once or twice. This makes the universe of convertible bonds very dynamic with regard to its regional and sector composition.

The US market accounts for the lion's share of the global convertible bond universe at just under 65%, followed by Europe (approximately 22%). In February 2021, the global convertible bond market reached a record-high volume of over USD 490 billion, offering an attractive range of very diverse investment opportunities.

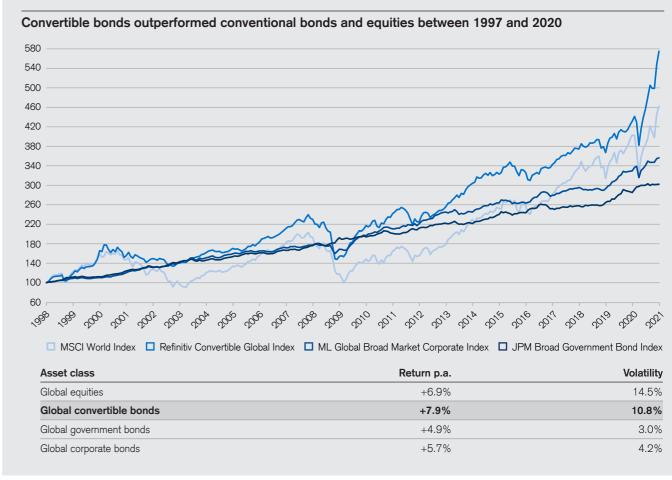
Why choose convertible bonds?

While the potential returns from standard bond strategies are limited at present due to the overall environment of low interest rates, convertible bonds additionally benefit from stock-market gains. Over the past 20 years, convertible bonds, as measured by the Refinitiv Global Convertible Index, have significantly outperformed conventional bond and equity markets. The performance of convertible bonds has particularly stood out during exceptional market corrections and subsequent recoveries. At an annualized return of +7.9%, convertible bonds have surpassed the returns generated by global equities, yet their volatility has been significantly lower.

Convertible bonds and asset allocations

Adding convertible bonds to a mixed portfolio can help reduce portfolio risk without changing return

expectations or can increase the expected return without increasing the risk. This risk diversification effect is significantly influenced by global convertible bonds' low correlation with global government and corporate bonds. In addition, portfolio risk can be reduced as a consequence of global convertible bonds' lower volatility compared to that of equities. However, investors need to define their expectations when adding convertible bonds to their portfolios because the risk/return profile can vary considerably depending on the underlying strategy (bond-like, balanced, equity-like). Because of their structural complexities, convertible bonds require active management within asset allocations. It is not the convertible bonds themselves that make a strategy work, but the way they are managed to achieve a particular investment objective.



Sources Credit Suisse, Bloomberg

Returns hedged in USD, data range: December 31, 1997, to December 31, 2020.

Indices: MCSI World, Refinitiv Convertible Global, ML Global Broad Market Corporate, JPM Broad Government Bond

Historical performance indications and financial market scenarios are not reliable indicators of future performance. It is not possible to invest in an index. The index returns shown do not represent the results of actual trading of investable assets/ securities. Investors pursuing a strategy similar to an index may experience higher or lower returns and will bear the cost of fees and expenses that will reduce returns.

2/4 Credit Suisse Investment Partners

Read our white paper to learn more about convertible bonds

Thanks to their unique characteristics, convertible bonds present an attractive alternative to equities and conventional bonds, particularly in a challenging market environment. Credit Suisse Investment Partners published a white paper in March 2021 to provide you with more information about this compelling asset class. The white paper explains how convertible bonds work, discusses the related rewards and risks, and shows you how to incorporate convertible bonds into your asset allocation.



Download the white paper

Risks

- Investors may lose part or all of the invested amount.
- Bonds carry a risk of issuer default, which means that the principal may only be partially repaid or not at all.
- Convertible bond returns may be volatile in the short term, i.e. the value of the investments may fluctuate significantly.
- Issuer default risk and thus the risk of losses for the investor increases in a recessionary environment.



For more information, please contact your relationship manager.

Source: Credit Suisse unless otherwise specified.

Unless noted otherwise, all illustrations in this document were produced by Credit Suisse Group AG and/or its affiliates with the greatest of care and to the best of its knowledge and belief.

This material has been prepared by CREDIT SUISSE GROUP AG and/or its affiliates ("Credit Suisse"). It is provided for informational and illustrative purposes only, does not constitute an advertisement, appraisal, investment research, research recommendations, investment recommendations or information recommending or suggesting an investment strategy, and it does not contain financial analysis. Moreover, it does not constitute an invitation or an offer to the public or on a private basis to subscribe for or purchase products or services. Benchmarks, to the extent mentioned, are used solely for purposes of comparison. The information contained in this document has been provided as a general commentary only and does not constitute any form of personal recommendation, investment advice, legal, tax, accounting or other advice or recommendation or any other financial service. It does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs, or knowledge and experience of any persons. The information provided is not intended to constitute any kind of basis on which to make an investment, divestment or retention decision. Credit Suisse recommends that any person potentially interested in the elements described in this document shall seek to obtain relevant information and advice (including but not limited to risks) prior to taking any investment decision. The information contained herein was provided at the date of writing, and may no longer be up to date on the date on which the reader may receive or access the information. It may change at any time without notice and with no obligation to update. To the extent that this material contains statements about future performance, such statements are forward looking and subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. It should be noted that historical returns, past performance and financial market scenarios are no reliable indicators of future performance. Significant losses are always possible. This material is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of, or is located in, any jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to applicable law or regulation, or which would subject Credit Suisse to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction. The recipient is informed that a possible business connection may exist between a legal entity referenced in the present document and an entity part of Credit Suisse and that it may not be excluded that potential conflict of interests may result from such connection. This document has been prepared from sources Credit Suisse believes to be reliable but does not guarantee its accuracy or completeness. Credit Suisse may be providing, or have provided within the previous 12 months, significant advice or investment services in relation to any company or issuer mentioned. This document may provide the addresses of, or contain hyperlinks to, websites. Credit Suisse has not reviewed the linked site and takes no responsibility for the content contained therein. Such address or hyperlink (including addresses or hyperlinks to Credit Suisse's own website material) is provided solely for your convenience and information and the content of the linked site does not in any way form part of this document. Accessing such websites or following such links through this document or Credit Suisse's website shall be at your own risk. This document is intended only for the person to whom it is issued by Credit Suisse. It may not be reproduced either in whole, or in part, without Credit Suisse's prior written permission. Copyright © 2021 CREDIT SUISSE GROUP AG and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.